Supporting the Data Act and Interoperability: The Dataspace Protocol

New Approaches towards Compliance for Al/Data Operations

Session 1. The Regulatory Landscape: Opportunities and Challenges







Data Act & Data Spaces



Chapter VIII of the Data Act

- Focuses on interoperability and standards, laying the foundation for seamless data exchange between and within data spaces.
- Ensures that data spaces facilitate collaboration and innovation across diverse sectors through common standards and protocols, creating interconnected ecosystems.
- Mandates essential requirements for participants, emphasizing privacy and security standards to foster trust and encourage broader participation in data ecosystems.

Interoperability of Data (Article 33)

 Article 33 highlights the essential requirements for interoperability of data, data sharing mechanisms, and services, as well as the common European data spaces.

Facilitation of Cross-Sectoral Data Sharing

 Emphasizes the creation of sectorspecific and cross-sectoral interoperable frameworks for sharing or jointly processing data for new products, scientific research, and civil society initiatives.

Data Quality and Accessibility:

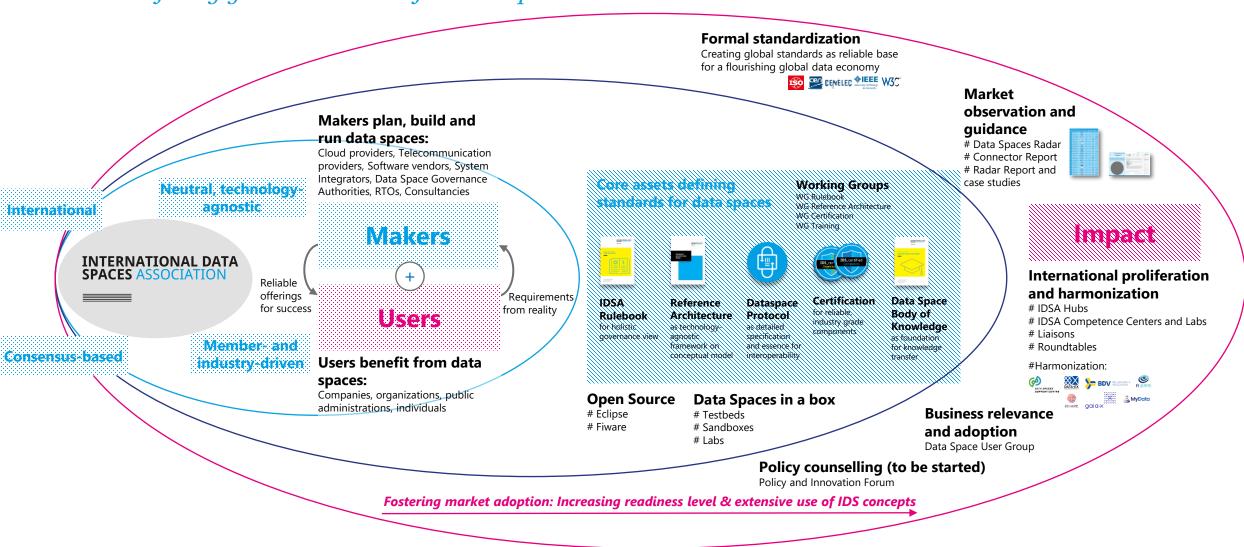
- Participants offering data must provide sufficient metadata
- Ensures a high level of data quality, which is crucial for Aldriven applications within the data spaces framework.

Compliance with Standards:

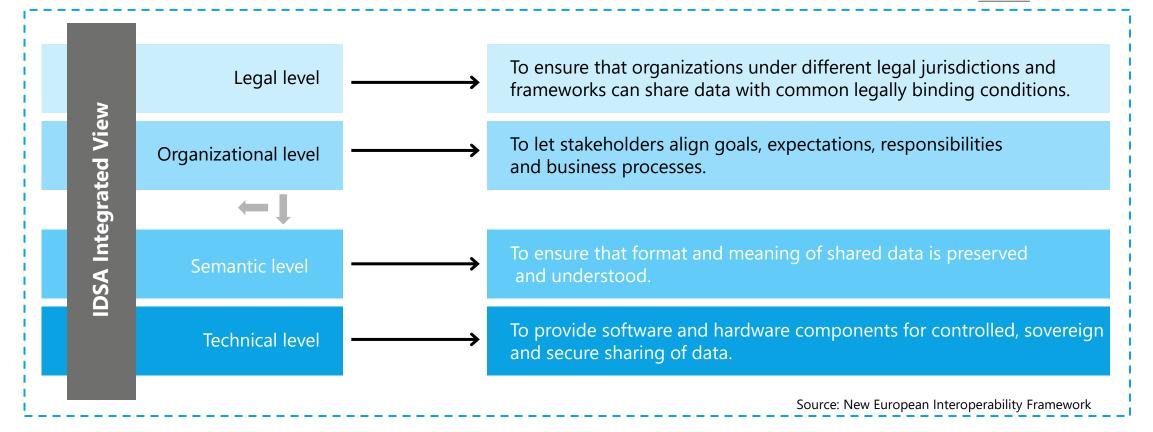
 The Data Act requires compliance with harmonized standards and common specifications to ensure that data spaces operate within a uniform regulatory framework.

A holistic approach to bring data spaces to global scale

IDSA defining global standards for data spaces



Layered model for interoperability



- Intra data space interoperability, between the data space authority, processing, and data sharing building blocks within a single data space instance
- **Cross data space interoperability,** between multiple data space instances at each of the functional levels

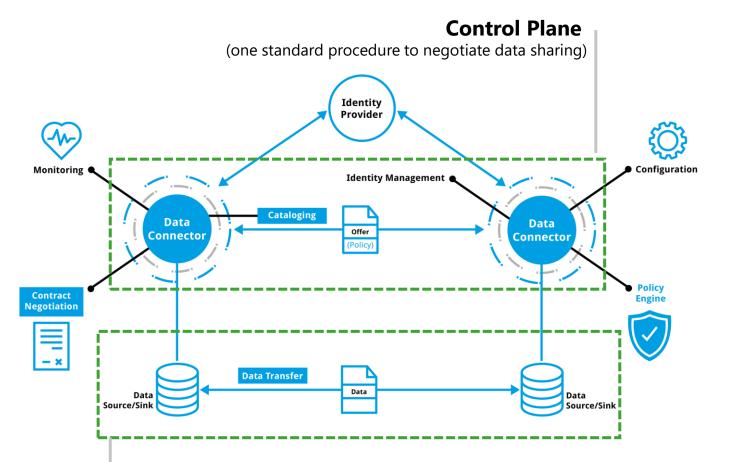
The Dataspace Protocol

Advancing interoperability

A growing number of connectors is witnessed. But how do we ensure that these connectors are **interoperable**? Initiating the implementation of the **Dataspace Protocol Check Dataspace Protocol:** \times

The need for Dataspace Protocol

Ensuring data space interoperability



Data Plane

(several possible for different data sharing scenarios: confidential data sharing, streaming data, event based data, edge devices, ...)





Promotes seamless technical interoperability, while addressing certain aspects of semantic interoperability.

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Enables standardized data exchange across different data space instances.



Provides flexibility and scalability through the separation of control plane and data plane.

Standardization activities on Data Spaces

Creating a common foundation for interoperability



Participant perspective

Am I, as a participant, complying with the – data space? Can I join the data space?.

Interoperability standards

ISO 20151 – data space concepts and characteristics

What is a data space? Do I have a data space or not? Am I compliance with the standard?

> Framework for data spaces

Dataspace Protocol Specifications including compatibility testing

Serves as the central mechanism for implementing data exchange, ensuring trust, efficient and *interoperable communication between the data spaces*. INTERNATIONAL DATA SPACES ASSOCIATION

Trusted Data Transactions can happen in Data Spaces

Trusted Data Transactions

National standards and regulations. Data space can provide a framework for national standards. And data spaces show interoperability of national standards with DSP

DSP provide measures to comply to interoperability

Standardization activities on Data Spaces

INTERNATIONAL DATA SPACES ASSOCIATION

What is the IDSA contribution?

ISO 20151 – data space concepts and characteristics

Based on the IDSA Rulebook and in line with the IDSA Rulebook – in CD stage (30.20), to be finalized in 2026

Framework for data spaces

Management of Data Rights

Organizational Autonomy/ Data Governance

Digital Sovereignty &

Participant perspective

Am I, as a participant, complying with the - data space? Can I join the data space?.

Interoperability standards

Dataspace Protocol Specifications including compatibility testing

Project under the umbrella of the Eclipse Foundation to be transposed to an ISO standard via PAS Submission in 2025

Trusted Data Transactions

Data Sharing and Data Spaces are subject to national regulations and standards. Those should be based on international standards.
The European Trusted Data Framework utilizes IDSA-based standards and comes to live in 2025 and 2026.

DSP provide measures to comply to interoperability

How DSP supports the Data Act

DSP provides a technical and operational framework to meet art. 33

	Data Act (Article 33)	Dataspace Protocol
Technical interoperability	Requires participants in data spaces to ensure interoperability	Provides a technical standard .
	Use machine-readable format to allow discovery, access, and use. This includes data structures, formats, taxonomies, and API terms	Ensures data and metadata interoperability (formats like JSON-LD).
	APIs enables automatic, real-time, or bulk access	Implements standardized APIs for data access and exchange . The protocol supports continuous data flows , secure data transmission.
Governance	Introduce smart contracts for automating data- sharing agreements to improve interoperability.	Ensure usage control and data sovereignty principles, using tools like smart policies.
Harmonization	Use of harmonized standards (developed by EU standardization bodies) to comply with essential requirements.	Aligns with global standards (e.g., W3C, ISO, GAIA-X) CEN/CENELEC and European standardisation initiatives to create harmonized specifications for data spaces.





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Thank you for your contributions!