

# Earth to Air Heat Exchangers (ETAHE)

Mark Murphy

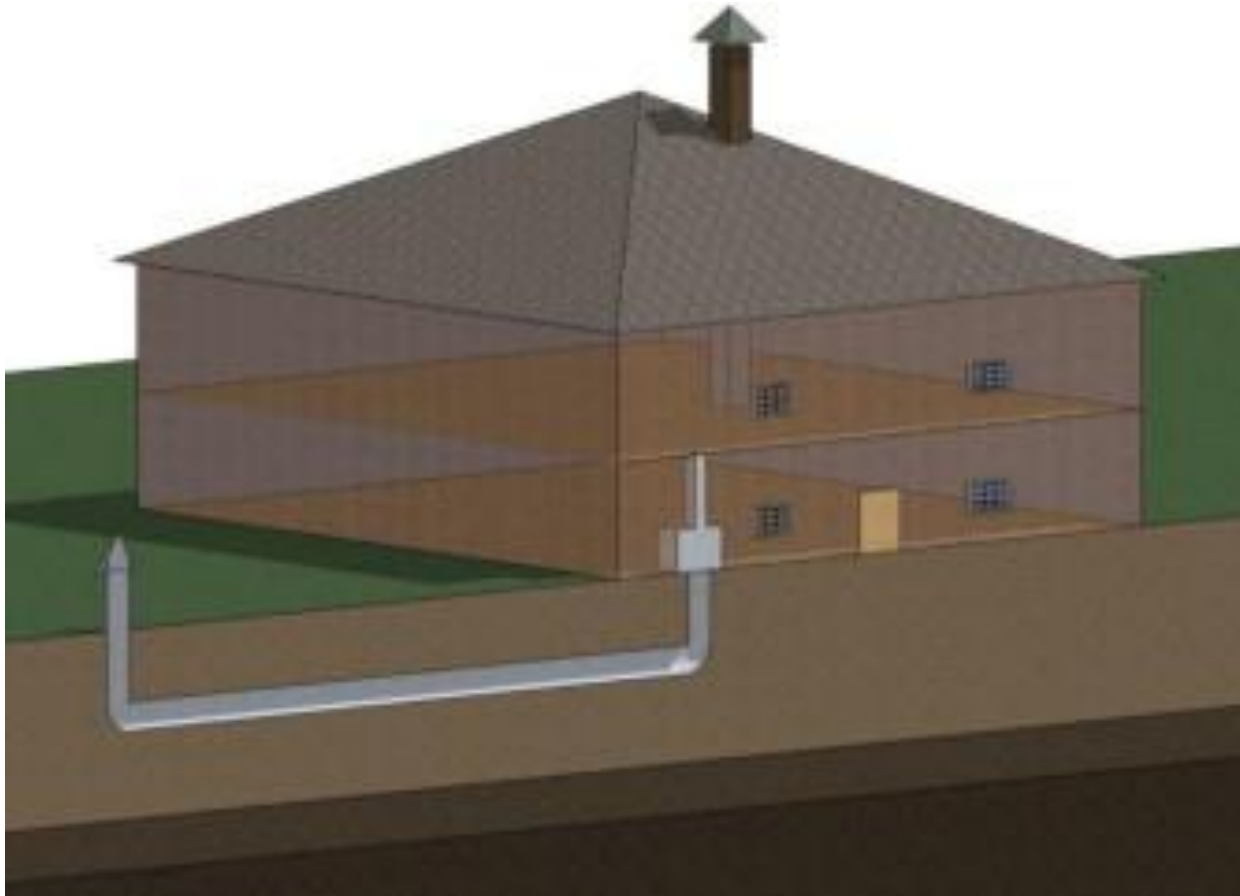
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# Introduction

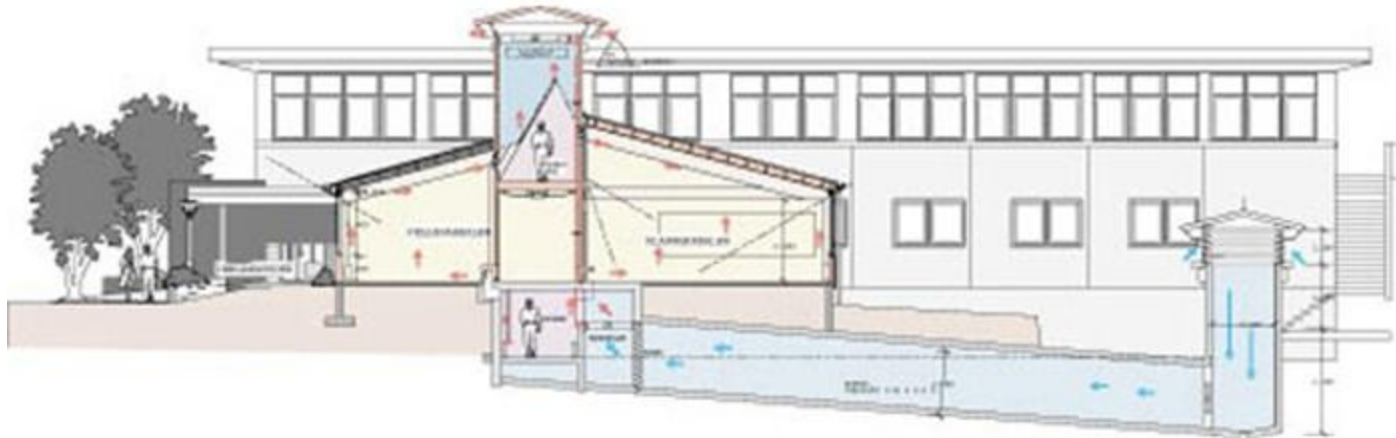
- What is an earth to air heat exchanger?
- What do they look like?



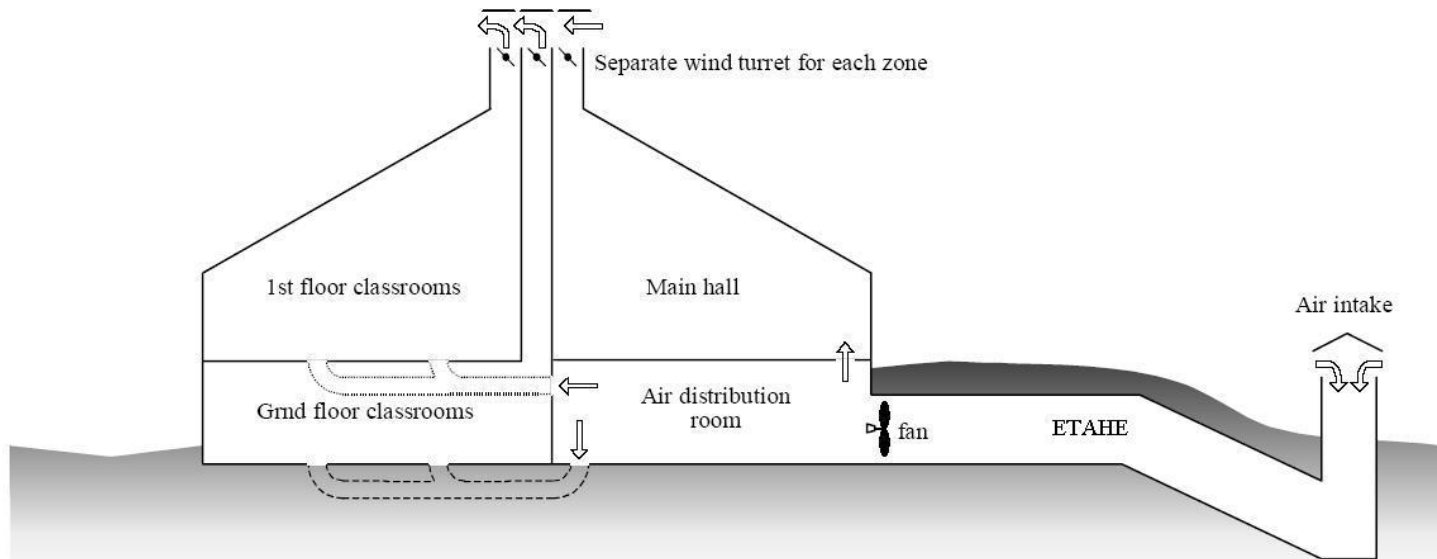
# Zhang (2009)



# Mediå Skole - Grong, Norge



# Jaer Skole

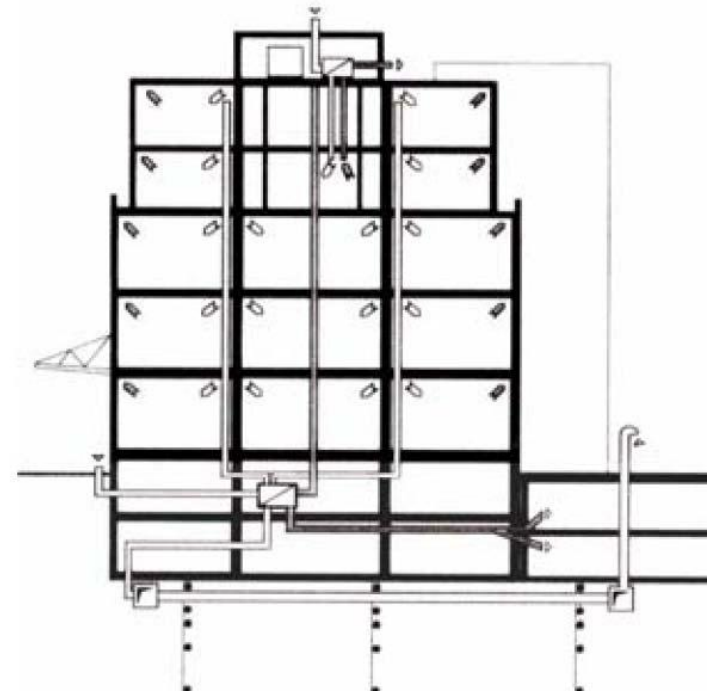
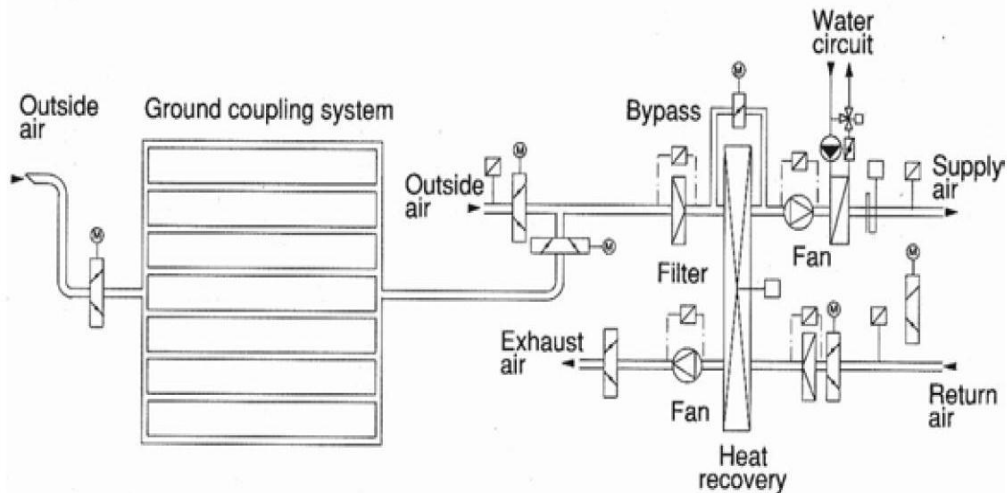


# Rehau



# Schwerzenbacherhof Building

## Zurich, Switzerland





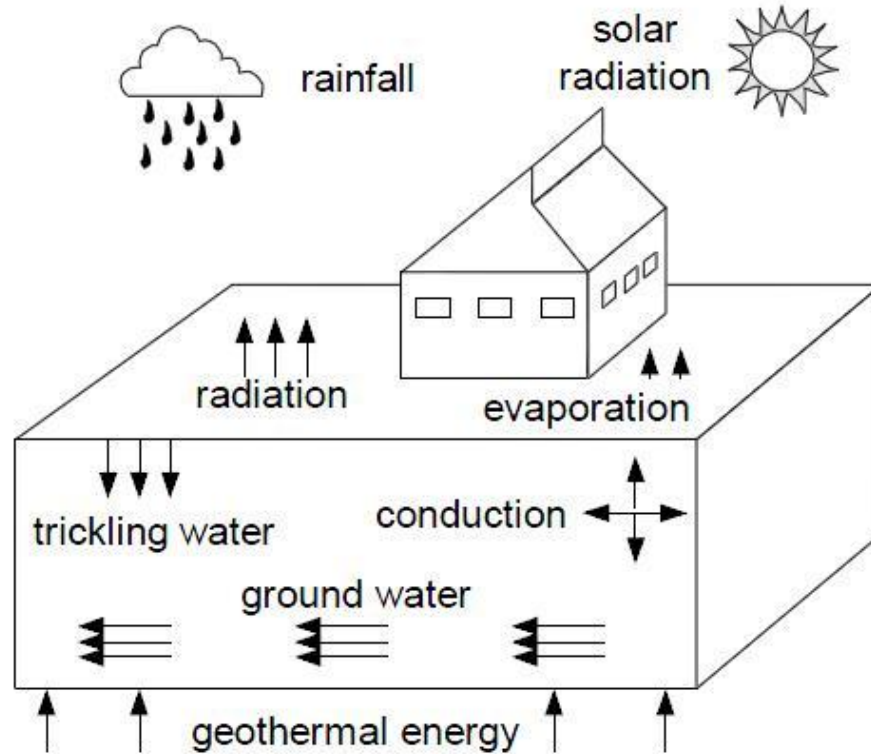
# Rehau



# Simulating an ETAHE

- What needs to be taken into consideration?
- What has been done before?

# Wagner et al. 2000



# Ground Temperature Simulation

- Simplified correlations with untouched temperature distribution in the background or fixed boundary conditions
- CFD close, but still contains approximations
  - Ground water, surface water, heterogenous soil, vegetation on the surface

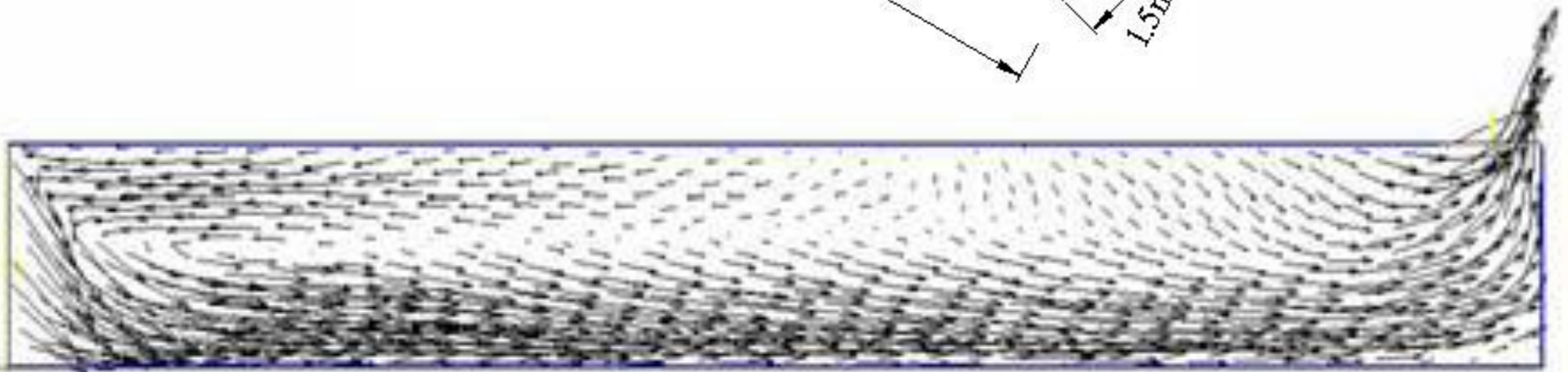
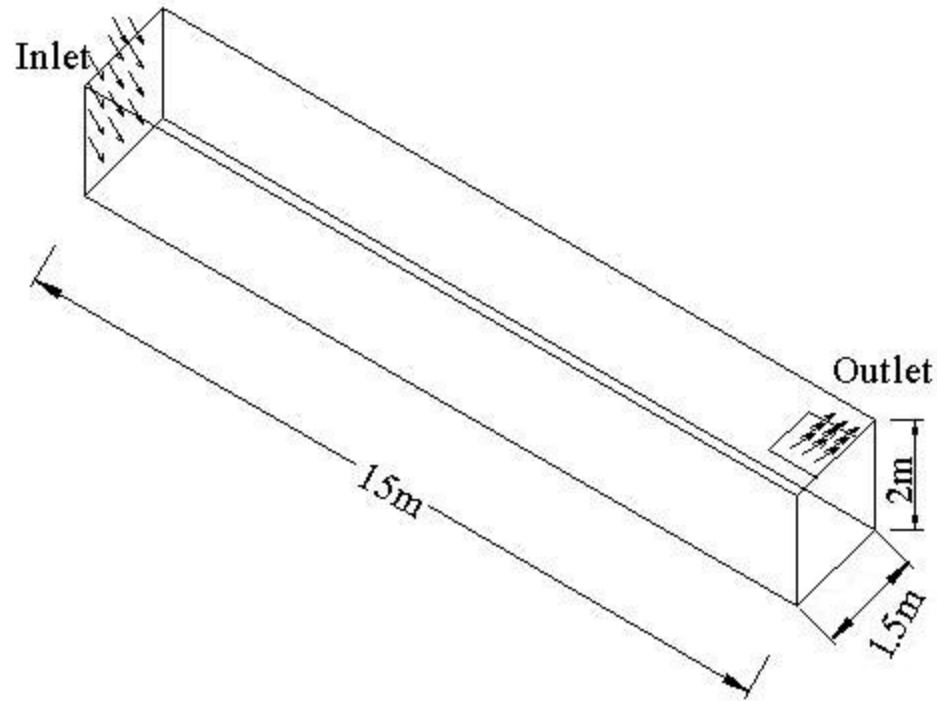
# Available Simulation Tools

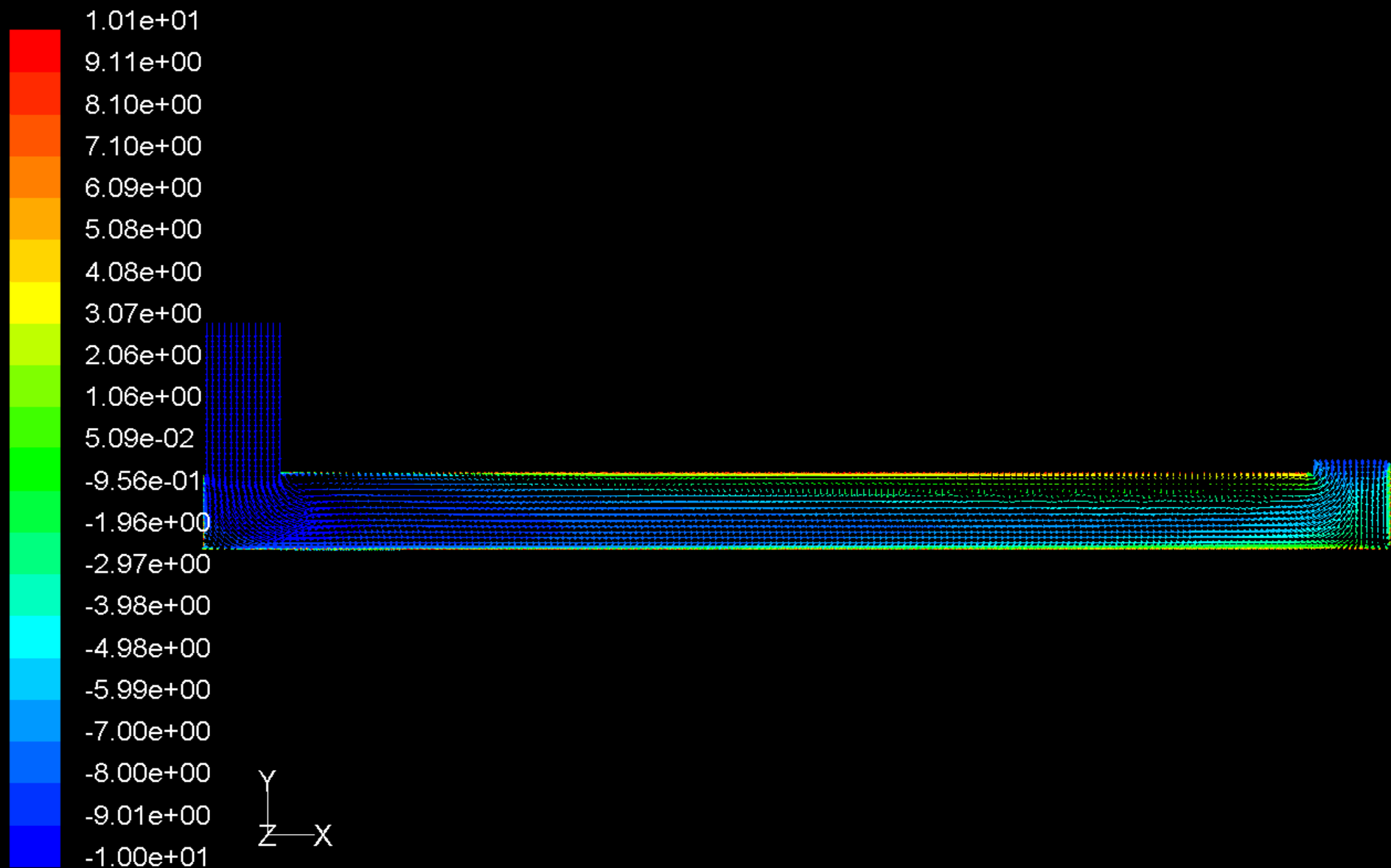
- Energy +
- TRNSYS
- WTK2 + other specially developed tools
- CFD – ANSYS/COMSOL

# CFD

- Results from Canada

# J. Zhang, F. Haghghat (2005)



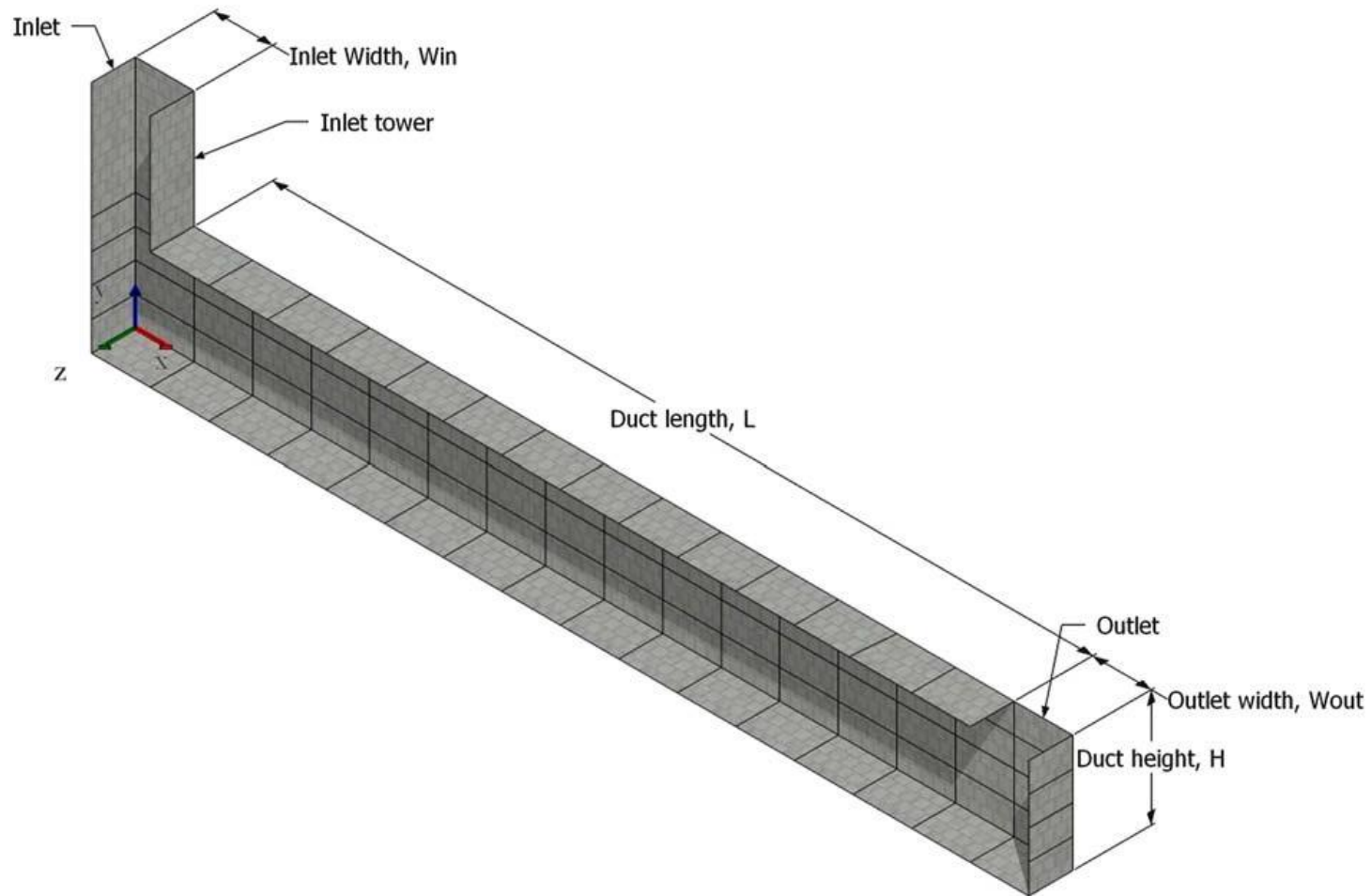


Velocity Vectors Colored By Static Temperature (c)

Aug 08, 2006  
FLUENT 6.1 (3d, segregated, ske)



# J. Zhang, F. Haghghat (2009)

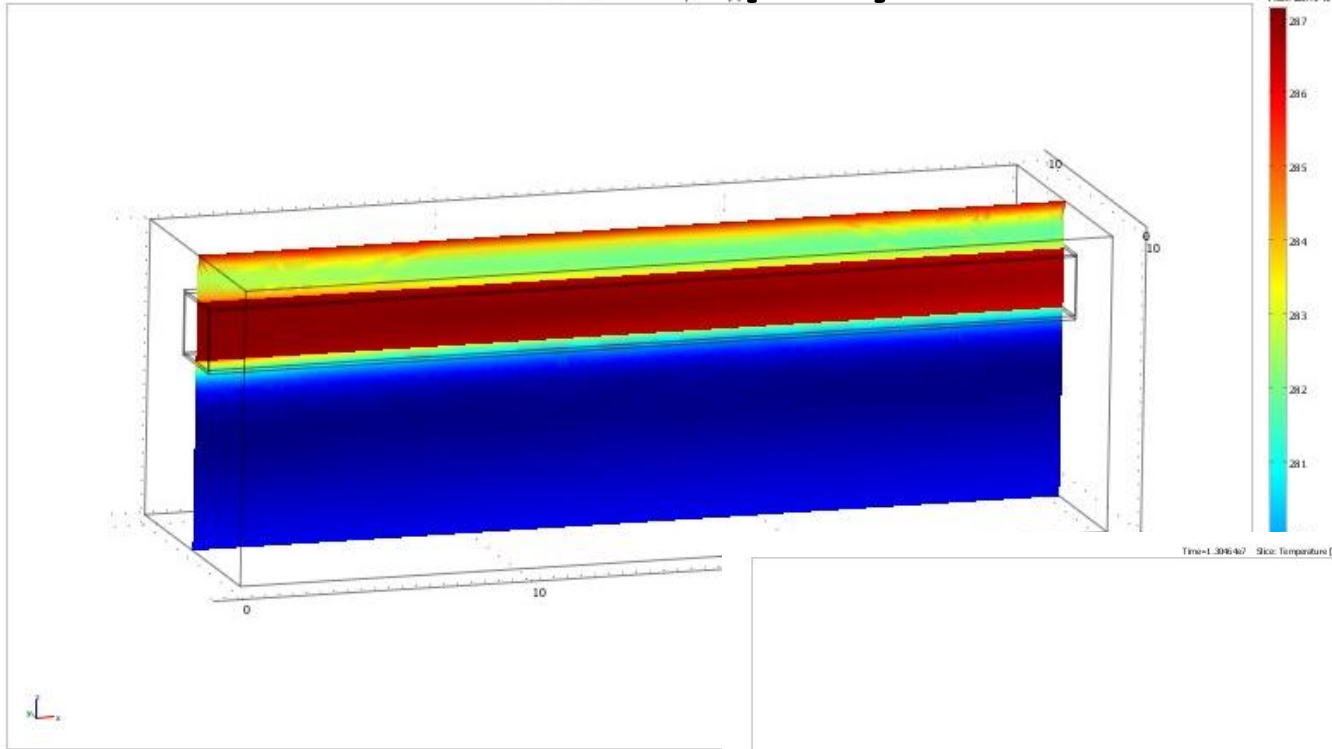


# CFD

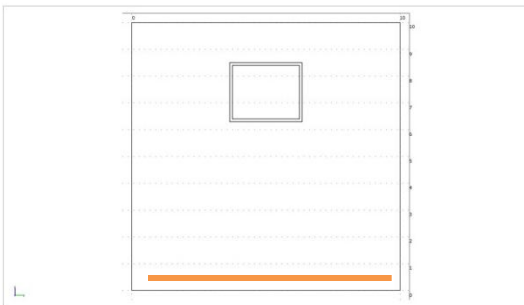
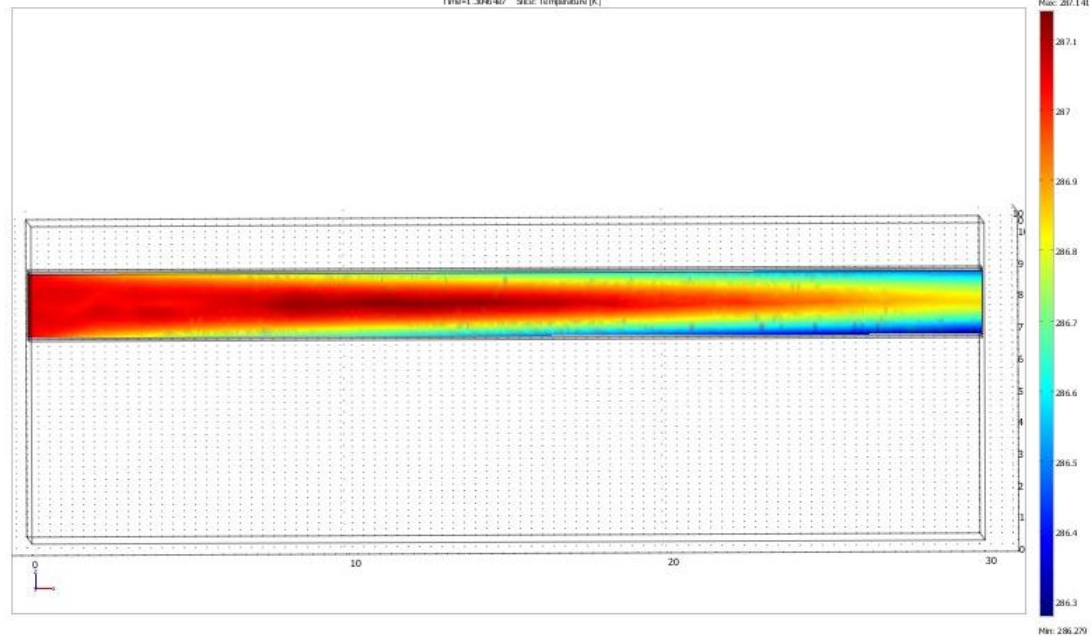
- My Preliminary Results

# Comsol Multiphysics Simulations

Time=1.3064e7 Slice: Total temperature [K]



Time=1.3064e7 Slice: Temperature [K]



# Simulating without CFD

- Requires assumptions
- Fully Developed Turbulent flow
  - ⇒ Heat Transfer Correlations
  - ⇒ Mechanically ventilated ETAHEs

# Assumption

- Fully Developed Turbulent flow
  - => Heat Transfer Correlations
- These models are then useful – the size is generally speaking small and used for mechanical ventilation

# Simulated System

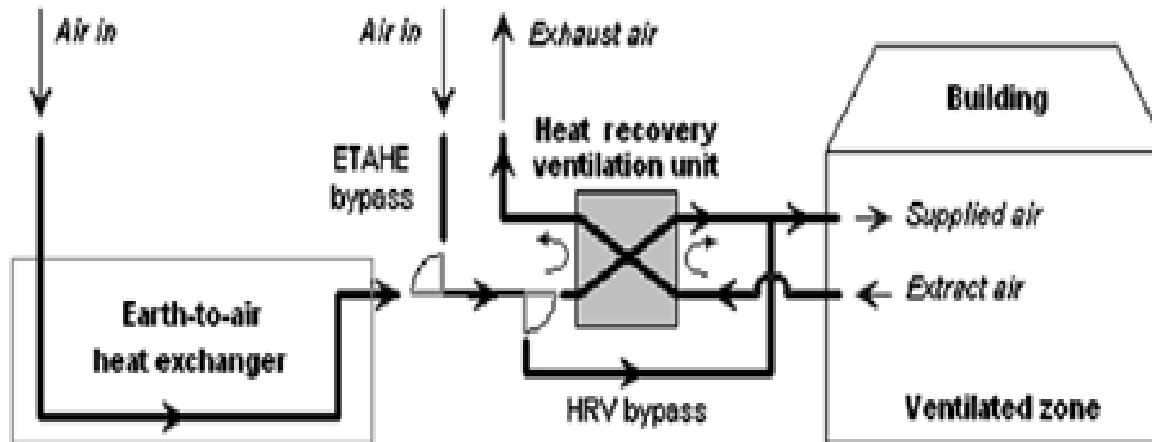
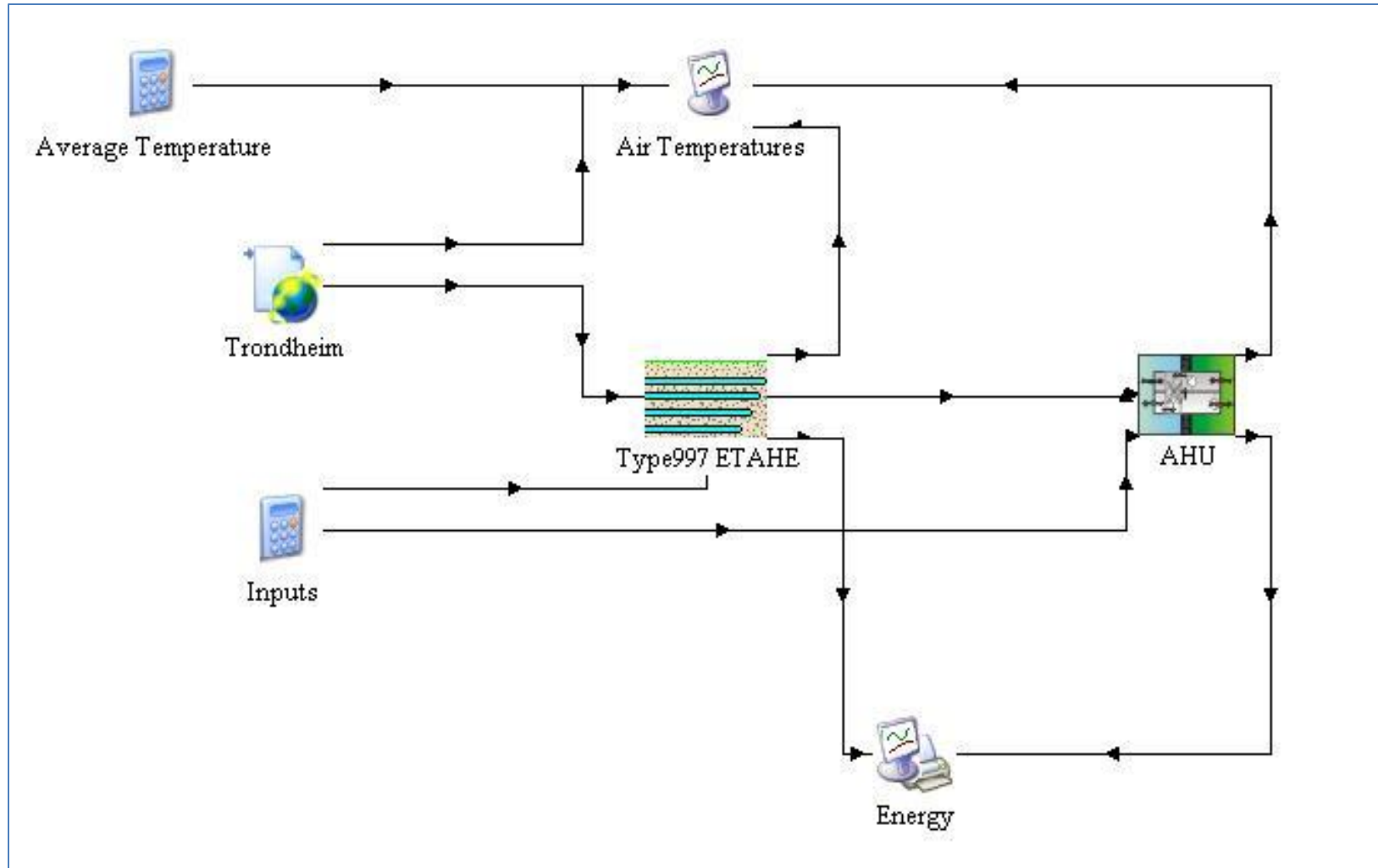


Figure from Thiers and Peuportier (2008)

# Trnsys Model



# Simulated Bypass

$$(T_{avg} + x) < T_{outdoors} < T_{supply}$$



# Simulated Structures

- Small Houses
- Row Houses
- Small Office – single pipe
- Small Office – multiple parallel pipes

# Results – Small House Trondheim

|                         | Trondheim    |         |            |
|-------------------------|--------------|---------|------------|
|                         | [kWh]        |         | Hours      |
|                         | Heating      | Cooling | Defrosting |
| Without ETAHE           | 1149.6       | -21.1   | 1165       |
| With ETAHE              | 716.4        | 0       | 55         |
| <u>Bypass starts at</u> | -----        | -       | --         |
| <b>Tavg</b>             | <b>686.6</b> | 0       | 55         |
| Tavg-1                  | 693.9        | 0       | 55         |
| Tavg+1                  | 681.9        | 0       | 55         |
| Tavg+2                  | 680.0        | 0       | 55         |
| <b>Tavg+3</b>           | <b>679.4</b> | 0       | 55         |
| Tavg+4                  | 681.4        | 0       | 55         |
| Tavg+5                  | 685.8        | 0       | 55         |

# Energy Savings Potential within Parallel Piped ETAHEs

|  |     |     |     |     |
|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Air Exchange Rate [ $\text{h}^{-1}$ ]                | 1   | 2   | 3   | 4   |
| Number of Pipes                                      | 5   | 10  | 15  | 20  |
| Energy Savings Potential [ $\text{kWh}/\text{m}^2$ ] | 2.1 | 4.1 | 6.0 | 8.0 |

# Extra Slides

- Small House Example
  - Graphical Output from TRNSYS

